

AC-10-2TRMATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Manufacturer's Name:	Martin Asphalt Company	Date: March 23, 2011
Telephone Number: For emergency assistance	800-662-0987 713-941-4410	Address: 300 Christy Place South Houston, TX 77587

NFPA HAZARD	DEGREE OF HAZARD	HAZARD RATINGS
IDENTIFICATION	HEALTH: 1	0= LEAST
	FIRE: 1	1= SLIGHT
	REACTIVITY: 0	2= MODERATE
		3= HIGH
		4= EXTREME

SECTION 1 - COMPONENT DATA	
PRODUCT NAME	AC-10-2TR
CHEMICAL NAME	PETROLEUM ASPHALT (BITUMEN)
CHEMICAL FAMILY	PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON

SECTION 2 - PHYSICAL DATA					
BOILING POINT, °F:		>900			
SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	SPECIFIC GRAVITY:				
VAPOR PRESSURE (mm HG):		*ND			
MELTING POINT, F:		115-145			
SOLUBILITY IN WATER:		NEGLIGIBLE			
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1):		*ND			
EVAPORATION RATE (N-BUTYL) ACETATE	=1):	*ND			
PH:	PH:		NEUTRAL		
APPEARANCE AND ODOR:		BLACK VISCOUS SEMISOLID SLIGHT TIRE RUBBER ODOR	. ASPHALT ODOR. POSSIBLE .		
	HAZARDOL	JS INGREDIENTS			
<u>COMPONENT</u>		CAS NUMBER	<u>PERCENT</u>		
Asphalt		8052-42-4	91-95		
Reprocessed Ground Rubber		NR: 9003-31-0	2-5		
		SBR: 9003-55-8			
Carbon Black		1333-86-4	1.0-2.40		
Process Oil	Process Oil		0.50-1.20		
Zinc Oxide	1314-1		0.05-0.30		
Sulfur		7704-34-9	0.05-0.30		

SECTION 3 - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

57-11-4

*NA=NOT APPLICABLE **ND=NOT DETERMINED

Stearic Acid

0.05-0.30



FLASH POINT AND	D METHOD: >550 °F (COC)	
FLAMMABLE LIMIT	TS: % LOWER: *ND UPPER: *ND	
EXTINGUISHING M	IEDIA	DRY CHEMICAL OR FOAM PREFERRED. WATER FOG MAY BE USED ON FLAT SURFACES SUCH AS ROADS.
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES AND PRECAUTIONS	DO NOT USE WATER ON ASPHALT FIRE IN TANK OR OTHER CONTAINERS SINCE IT MAY CAUSE VIOLENT ERUPTION AND SPREADING OF BURNING ASPHALT. MATERIAL WILL NOT BURN UNLESS PREHEATED. DO NOT ENTER CONFINED FIRE SPACE WITHOUT FULL BUNKER GEAR (HELMET WITH FACE SHIELD, BUNKER COATS, GLOVES AND RUBBER BOOTS), INCLUDING A POSITIVE PRESSURE NIOSH APPROVED SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS. COOL FIRE EXPOSED CONTAINERS WITH WATER.	
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD	DO NOT HEAT ABOVE FLASH POINT. HOT ASPHALT MAY IGNITE FLAMMABLE MIXTURES ON CONTACT. SULFUR OXIDES AND HYDROGEN SULFIDE, BOTH OF WHICH ARE TOXIC, MAY BE RELEASED UPON COMBUSTION. $\rm H_2S$ VAPORS ARE HEAVIER THAN AIR, MAY ACCUMULATE IN LOW AREAS AND TRAVEL ALONG THE GROUND TO A REMOTE IGNITION SOURCE; IF IGNITED WILL FLASH BACK TO ORIGINAL CONTAINER.	

	SECTION 4 – REACTIVITY DATA		
STABILITY:	STABLE		
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	WILL NOT OCCUR		
CONDITIONS AND MATERIALS TO AVOID	DO NOT ALLOW MOLTEN PRODUCT TO CONTACT WATER OR LIQUIDS AS THIS CAN CAUSE VIOLENT ERUPTIONS, SPLATTER HOT MATERIAL OR IGNITE FLAMMABLE MATERIALS.		
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS	THERMAL DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS ARE HIGHLY DEPENDENT ON THE COMBUSTION CONDITIONS. A COMPLEX MIXTURE OF AIRBORNE SOLID, LIQUID, PARTICULATES AND GASES WILL EVOLVE WHEN THIS MATERIAL UNDERGOES PYROLYSIS OR COMBUSTION. CARBON MONOXIDE, HYDROGEN SULFIDE AND OTHER UNIDENTIFIED ORGANIC COMPOUNDS MAY BE FORMED UPON COMBUSTION.		

SECTION 5 - HEALTH HAZARD DATA			
	FECTS NOTED BELOW ARE CONSISTENT WITH REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE OSHA HAZARD		
COMMUNICATION	ONS STANDARD (29 CFR 1910.1200)		
EYE CONTACT			
	IRRITATING TO THE EYES. CONTACT WITH PRODUCT AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES CAN		
	RESULT IN THERMAL BURNS.		
SKIN	BASED ON ESSENTIALLY SIMILAR PRODUCT TESTING, PRODUCT IS PRESUMED TO BE MINIMALLY		
CONTACT	IRRITATING TO THE SKIN. CONTACT WITH PRODUCT AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES CAN		
	RESULT IN THERMAL BURNS.		
INHALATION	VAPORS MAY CAUSE IRRITATION TO NOSE, THROAT, AND RESPIRATORY TRACT, HIGH VAPOR		
	CONCENTRATIONS MAY RESULT IN CNS DEPRESSION.		
WARNING: HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H2S) AND OTHER HAZARDOUS VAPORS MAY EVOLVE AND COLLECT IN THE			
HEADSPACE OF STORAGE TANKS OR OTHER ENCLOSED VESSELS. HYDROGEN SULFIDE IS AN EXTREMELY			
FLAMMABLE, TOXIC GAS. IN THE ABSENCE OF H2S, INHALATION OF VAPORS, MISTS OR FUMES (GENERATED AT			
HIGH TEMPERATURES) MAY CAUSE IRRITATION TO THE NOSE, THROAT, AND RESPIRATORY TRACT.			
BREATHING ASPHALT AEROSOL OR ASPHALT SMOKE FOR PROTRACTED PERIODS OF TIME HAS PRODUCED			
DAMAGE TO TH	IE LUNGS OF MICE. AMONG THE CHANGES OBSERVED WERE BRONCHITIS, PNEUMONITIS AND		



ABSCESS FORMATION.

ASPHALT FUME CONDENSATES HAVE BEEN SHOWN TO PRODUCE A TUMOROGENIC RESPONSE WHEN REPEATEDLY APPLIED TO THE SKIN OF EXPERIMENTAL ANIMALS. THE RELEVANCE OF THIS DATA TO HUMANS IS NOT KNOWN AT THIS TIME.

H2S IS IRRITATING TO THE EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT AT LOW CONCENTRATIONS. 0.02 PPM-ODOR THRESHOLD. 10 PPM-EYE IRRITATION. 100 PPM-HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, VOMITING, COUGHING. 200-300 PPM-EYE INFLAMMATION, RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION AFTER 1 HOUR EXPOSURE. 300-700 PPM-LOSS OF CONSCIOUSNESS OR POSSIBLE DEATH IN 30 MIN. TO AN HOUR. 700-900 PPM-RAPID LOSS OF CONSCIOUSNESS; DEATH CAN RESULT. > 1000 PPM-UNCONSCIOUSNESS IN SECONDS: DEATH IN MINUTES UNLESS VICTIM IS REMOVED FROM CONTAMINATED AREA AND BREATHING IS RESTORED. DO NOT DEPEND ON SENSE OF SMELL FOR WARNING. H2S CAUSES RAPID OLFACTORY FATIGUE (DEADENS SENSE OF SMELL). THERE IS NO EVIDENCE THAT H2S WILL ACCUMULATE IN THE BODY TISSUE AFTER REPEATED EXPOSURE.

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SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE	IRRITATION AS NOTED ABOVE.
AGGRAVATED MEDICAL CONDITIONS	PREEXISTING EYE, SKIN, AND RESPIRATORY DISORDERS MAY BE AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE TO THIS PRODUCT.
HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT: ASPHALT	CARCINOGENICITY
NTP LISTED	NO
IARC LISTED	YES
OSHA REGULATED	NO
OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE L	IMITS:

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:

	OS	НА	ACGIF	1	
COMPONENT	PEL/TWA	PEL/CEILING	TLV/TWA	TLV/STEL	OTHER
Asphalt			5 Mg/M ³		
Reprocessed Rubber	15 mg/m ³ *		10 mg/m ³ **		
Carbon Black	3.5 mg/m ³		3.5 mg/m ³		
Process Oil	5.0 mg/m ³ **		NA		
Zinc Oxide	5.0 mg/m ³ **		10 mg/m ³		
Sulfur	NA		10 mg/m ³ ***		
Stearic Acid	NA		NA		

^{*=}particulates not otherwise classified (PNOC), 5mg/m³ respirable fraction

^{** =} total dust, 5mg/m³ respirable fraction *** = ACGIH TLV for Nuisance Dust

	SECTION 6 - EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES
EYE CONTACT	FLUSH EYES WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR 15 MINUTES WHILE HOLDING EYELIDS OPEN. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.
SKIN CONTACT	IF HOT ASPHALT STRIKES THE SKIN, DRENCH OR IMMERSE THE AREA IN WATER TO ASSIST COOLING. IF AVAILABLE, APPLY ICED WATER OR ICE PACKS TO THE BURNED AREA. (DO NOT USE ICED WATER OR COLD PACKS IF THE BURNED AREA COVERS MORE THAN 10% OF THE BODY, AS THIS MAY CONTRIBUTE TO SHOCK.) DO NOT TRY TO REMOVE ASPHALT FROM A BURN AFTER IT HAS COOLED. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION. IF COOL ASPHALT CONTACTS THE SKIN, WASH THE AREA WITH HOT SOAPY WATER. USE OF A WATERLESS HAND CLEANER WILL HELP TO REMOVE THE ASPHALT
INHALATION	REMOVE VICTIM TO FRESH AIR AND PROVIDE OXYGEN IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT. BEWARE THAT H ₂ S MAY BE PRESENT IF VICTIM IS UNCONSCIOUS. USE BREATHING PROTECTION
	BEFORE REMOVING VICTIM TO FRESH AIR. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.



INGESTION DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. IN GENERAL, NO TREATMENT IS NECESSARY UNLESS LARGE QUANTITIES OF PRODUCT ARE INGESTED. HOWEVER, GET MEDICAL ADVICE.

	SECTION 7 – PERSONAL HEALTH PROTECTION INFORMATION		
PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES. WEAR SAFETY GLASSES OR GOGGLES, GLOVES, APRON AND OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AS REQUIRED TO PREVENT CONTACT. AVOID PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT WITH SKIN.		
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	AVOID PROLONGED OR REPEATED BREATHING OF VAPORS. IF EXPOSURE MAY OR DOES EXCEED OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS USE A NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED RESPIRATOR TO PREVENT OVEREXPOSURE. IN ACCORD WITH 29 CFR 1910.134 USE EITHER AN ATMOSPHERE-SUPPLYING RESPIRATOR OR AN AIR-PURIFYING RESPIRATOR FOR ORGANIC VAPORS.		
ADDITIONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES	USE IN A WELL VENTILATED AREA TO CONTROL VAPOR CONCENTRATION. AIR-DRY CONTAMINATED CLOTHING IN A WELL VENTILATED AREA, THEN LAUNDER BEFORE REUSING.		

	SECTION 8 – SPILL, LEAK & DISPOSAL PROCEDURES
STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED	CONSULT HEALTH HAZARD DATA IN SECTION 5, PERSONAL HEALTH PROTECTION INFORMATION IN SECTION 7, FIRE & EXPLOSION DATA IN SECTION 3, AND REACTIVITY DATA IN SECTION 4. NOTIFY APPROPRIATE AUTHORITIES OF SPILL. CONTAIN SPILL IMMEDIATELY. DO NOT ALLOW SPILL TO ENTER SEWERS OR WATERCOURSES. REMOVE ALL SOURCES OF IGNITION. ABSORB WITH APPROPRIATE INERT MATERIAL SUCH AS SAND, CLAY, ETC. LARGE SPILLS MAY BE PICKED UP USING VACUUM PUMPS, SHOVELS, BUCKETS OR OTHER MEANS AND PLACED IN DRUMS OR OTHER SUITABLE CONTAINERS.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD	ALL DISPOSALS MUST COMPLY WITH FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. THE MATERIAL, IF SPILLED OR DISCARDED, MAY BE A REULATED WASTE. REFER TO STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. CAUTION! IF REGULATED SOLVENTS ARE USED TO CLEAN UP SPILLED MATERIAL, THE RESULTING WASTE MIXTURE MAY BE REGULATED. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (DOT) REGULATIONS MAY APPLY FOR TRANSPORTING THIS MATERIAL WHEN SPILLED. WASTE MATERIAL MAY BE LANDFILLED OR INCINERATED AT AN APPROVED FACILTIY. MATERIALS SHOULD BE RECYCLED IF POSSIBLE.

SECTION 9 - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS/ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

WHEN ASPHALTIC PRODUCTS ARE HEATED, THEY OFTEN GIVE OFF SMALL AMOUNTS OF HYDROGEN SULFIDE. HYDROGEN SULFIDE IS AN EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE, HIGHLY TOXIC GAS. BREATHING HYDROGEN SULFIDE MUST BE AVOIDED. MINIMIZE BREATHING OF VAPORS, FUMES, OR MIST; WHEN POSSIBLE, USE VENTILATION OR WORK UPWIND OF SOURCE OF VAPORS, FUMES AND MIST. LAUNDER CONTAMINATED CLOTHING BEFORE USING. DISCARD LEATHER GOODS WHEN THEY CANNOT BE DECONTAMINATED. OBSERVE GOOD PERSONAL HYGIENE. WASH THOROUGHLY AFTER WORKING WITH ASPHALT AND BEFORE EATING OR SMOKING.

D.O.T. SHIPPING CLASSIFICATION: UN3257 ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, N.O.S., 9 PG III

THE COMPONENTS OF THE PRODUCT ARE LISTED ON THE EPA/TSCA INVENTORY OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES.

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON THE DATA AVAILABLE TO US AND IS BELIEVED TO BE CORRECT. HOWEVER, MARTIN ASPHALT COMPANY MAKES NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OF THIS DATA OR THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE THEREOF. THIS INFORMATION AND PRODUCT IS FURNISHED ON THE CONDITION THAT THE PERSON RECEIVING THEM SHALL MAKE THEIR OWN DETERMINATION AS TO THE SUITABILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR THEIR PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND ON THE CONDITION THAT THEY ASSUME THE RISK OF USE THEREOF.

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